

Perryburg Journal.

ED. L. BLUE, Editor and Proprietor.
PERRYBURG, OHIO.

The first painting, so far as known, was done in Egypt, B. C. 3100, by command of King Osyandias, to commemorate his exploits.

A Florida turtle's burrow was explored and among its inhabitants were found thirteen species of insects, ten of them new to science.

The heaviest bicycle rider in the world is said to be Dr. Meldon, of Dublin, Ireland, who weighs 378 pounds. He is also an expert lawn tennis player.

Miss Dolly Pentreath, who died in the village of Mousehole, on Mount's Bay, in 1788, aged 103, was the last person who spoke the Cornish language.

As he grows older the emperor of Germany shows signs of coming down from his high horse and living less in the clouds. He is now studying geology.

Bunford Samuel, assistant librarian of a Philadelphia library, can recall instantly the title and location on the shelves of any book mentioned among 110,000 volumes.

John Tyler, Jr., son of a former president of the United States, still lives in an unpretentious house in New York, passing his declining days in poverty and paralytic pain.

Drunkards in Argentina are sentenced to sweep the streets for a term of eight days for each offense. If a like law was in force in this country it would greatly improve the appearance of some of our cities.

Silk is the almost universal raiment used in Madagascar, and if a belle is denied that luxury she takes revenge upon her parents by wearing none at all. Judging by the costumes described by travelers, there must be many cruel parents in Madagascar.

The dreaded scourge of cholera continues to spread in Europe. Russia and the provinces bordering are most afflicted, while Germany, Belgium and Holland report many cases. The presence of the disease in malignant form at St. Petersburg threatens all the commercial ports of the world.

The old nobility of Japan is called the Samurai. These are about 200,000 members of this class. Every one of their families have a coat-of-arms which belongs to it, and which no one else can use. The order is governed by sixty dukes. The leading principle of the Samurai is patriotism to the death.

The new French law against anarchy is extremely drastic in its provisions, and only the most urgent necessity would warrant its enforcement. It deprives accused persons of the right of trial by jury, and imposes the severest penalties upon those found guilty of anarchistic acts or of sympathy with anarchy.

The Century calls attention to a fact seldom thought of and little experienced. It is the benefit of "walking for a vacation." There are multitudes of people with more legs than money this year, and there could be no better time to inaugurate this well-known forgotten method of travel. If you want to go some place, walk.

Here is what Abraham Lincoln said of the law: "Let reverence of law be breathed by every mother to the lisping babe that prattles in her lap; let it be taught in the schools, seminaries, and colleges; let it be written in primers, spelling books, and almanacs; let it be preached from pulpits, and proclaimed in legislative halls, and enforced in courts of justice; in short, let it become the political religion of the nation."

A French statistician says that the number of men and women in France is more nearly equal than in any other country of the world, there being only 1,007 women to 1,000 men. In Switzerland there are 1,064 men to 1,000 women, and in Greece only 923. The conditions in Hong Kong, according to this authority, are "appalling," there being only 366 women to 1,000 men.

There are more thunderstorms in Europe, according to the president of the French Meteorological society, than in equatorial regions. They occur in some parts of France every day of the year, and in six or seven months of 1893 as many as 328 were counted. But in Sumatra, where there are storms during the six months of the southeast monsoon, thunder is never heard, and Peru has only one or two thunderstorms in a century, that of 1877 having been the only one since 1803.

An estimate regarded as reliable places the aggregate wealth of leading countries at the following figures: United States, \$60,475,000,000; Great Britain, \$43,600,000,000; France, \$40,800,000,000; Germany, \$31,600,000,000; Russia, \$21,715,000,000; Austria, \$18,005,000,000; Italy, \$11,755,000,000. No other nation is credited with more than \$10,000,000,000. The next in rank to Italy is Spain, with \$7,905,000,000, while Greece, the last and lowest in this classification, is given but \$1,055,000,000.

Edison's latest marvel, the kinetoscope, rivals his phonograph in its suggestiveness of possibilities in the permanent recording of fleeting activities. Unlike the phonograph, however, it does not embody the discovery of a new principle, but is an elaboration of the same ideas as to the instantaneous photographing of rapid movements developed in the work of Maybridge and others. But Edison has carried the idea to a stage hitherto only dreamed of. By an elaborate mechanism he has succeeded in photographing movements in every phase visible to the human eye.

The News Condensed.

Important Intelligence From All Parts.

CONGRESSIONAL.
Regular Session.
In the senate on the 9th a bill was introduced to "prevent professional lobbying." Bills were passed to provide for the opening of certain abandoned military reservations and to further encourage the holding of a world's exposition at Atlanta, Ga., in 1905. In the house a bill was introduced to regulate the cutting of timber on public lands. Most of the session was taken up in considering public building bills. A resolution for an investigation of the effects of machinery on labor was adopted. The senate on the 9th was in session only a little more than an hour and a half and no business of any importance was transacted. In the house a favorable report was made on the bill to make oleomargarine and all other imitation dairy products subject to the laws of the state or territory into which they are transported, and a bill to prevent the free use of timber on public lands was introduced.

On the 10th a resolution was offered in the senate directing the committee on privileges and elections to inquire into the recent election in Alabama and ascertain if frauds were committed. Senator Hill offered a resolution for information as to the work of the conferees on the tariff bill, which went over for the day. The remainder of the session was devoted to the consideration of the Chinese treaty. In the house the time was occupied in discussing projects for a government exhibit to cost \$300,000 at the Atlanta exposition and to give each of the arid land states 1,000,000 acres of arid lands to encourage the reclamation of these deserts.

On the 11th in the senate no business of importance was transacted beyond the discussion of Senator Hill's tariff resolution. It being anticipated by a motion for the adjournment, for which the vice president cast the deciding vote. In the house the time was occupied in the discussion of a proposition to give each of the arid land states 1,000,000 acres of arid lands to encourage the reclamation of these deserts.

On the 12th in the senate no business of importance was transacted beyond the confirmation, in executive session, of the Chinese treaty, the vote standing 47 to 50. At a caucus of democrats of the house members, shortly before convening, a resolution was offered by Speaker Crisp, which was carried, advising the recession from the disagreement to the senate's amendments to the Wilson bill, the passing of the amended bill, and the introduction of separate bills making coal, iron, sugar and barbed wire free of all duties. When the house convened in regular session the resolution was carried by a vote of 120 to 21. At a session held in the evening it passed separate bills for free sugar, iron, coal and barbed wire.

DOMESTIC.
The constitutional convention at Albany, N. Y., refused to substitute life imprisonment for capital punishment. At Scranton, Pa., a deserted mine caved in for a distance of three blocks, wrecking twenty-three houses and causing a loss of \$250,000. Over one-third of the village of Dawson, Minn., was destroyed by fire. At his home in Hope, Ind., James Hardy (colored) died at the age of 100 years. Hardy was Jefferson Davis' valet during the war. He was married six times and the father of forty-six children.

An express train on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific plunged through a trestle 50 feet high into a creek near Lincoln, Neb., killing eight persons and wounding many others. THOUSANDS of acres of valuable timber were destroyed by a forest fire 56 miles in length in Wisconsin. TWENTY-ONE stores, two grain elevators and lumber sheds were destroyed by fire at Gifford, Ill., the loss being \$100,000.

During a temperance camp meeting at Purcellville, Va., a tent was blown down, killing one man and fatally injuring five women. TWENTY-FIVE persons were injured, some of them seriously, in an electric car collision near Oakdale, Pa.

Miss VERNIE MAYER and Miss BARNHART, young ladies about 16 years old, were drowned in the lake at Benton Harbor, Mich.

SEVEN members of the family of J. Walker at Oelwein, Ia., were poisoned by a summer drink. Three were dead and the others were dangerously ill.

REV. CHARLES ENGLAND, a Swedish minister at Michigan City, Ind., was drowned in the lake while bathing in the surf.

FANTASY trotted a mile at Buffalo, N. Y., in 2:08 3/4, beating all 4-year-old marks save that of Directum.

A MONUMENT to the memory of Frederick J. Frelinghuysen was unveiled at Newark, N. J.

CHARLES HENDRICKSON and Charles Heglan, young men of Batavia, Ill., were drowned in Fox river while rowing.

Work was resumed in all but two of the departments of the Pullman car works at Pullman, Ill., virtually ending the long strike.

The Second national bank of Altoona, Pa., closed its doors.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 10th aggregated \$774,451,250, against \$764,890,968 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 3.4.

EPHRAIM A. BROWN, a millionaire of Bloomfield, O., died of heart disease while asleep. He was 87 years old.

THERE were 251 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 10th, against 219 the week previous and 394 in the corresponding time in 1893.

The removal of the battle flags of Iowa from the arsenal to the state capitol in Des Moines was made the occasion for a great demonstration.

INVESTIGATION shows that twenty-four persons were killed and eleven injured in the Rock Island railway wreck at Lincoln, Neb.

WILLIAM and Solomon Lower, owners of a traction engine, were fatally hurt by falling through a bridge at Waterloo, Ind.

SEVEN men and boys seeking shelter under a tree during a storm at De Kalb, Tex., were killed by lightning.

EIGHT thousand persons witnessed the hanging of Madkins, a negro executed for criminal assault at Raleigh, N. C.

SIMON H. ENSTEN, who had been confined in Moro prison, Cuba, for twenty years, escaped and wandered back to Indiana.

J. W. REINHART, president and one of the receivers of the Atchison road, resigned to promote harmony.

THE town of Yerlinton, Nev., on the Carson & Colorado railroad, was completely destroyed by fire.

ALMOST the entire business portion of Fithian, Ill., a town of 600 inhabitants, was destroyed by fire.

FOUR children of William Watts, from 6 months to 4 1/2 years of age, were burned to death near Williston, S. D., on a ranch.

THE percentages of the baseball clubs in the national league for the week ended on the 12th were: Boston, .648; Baltimore, .640; New York, .604; Cleveland, .573; Pittsburgh, .543; Philadelphia, .529; Brooklyn, .518; Cincinnati, .462; Chicago, .457; St. Louis, .415; Louisville, .383; Washington, .290.

By the collision of mail and express trains near Gibbs, Mo., two men were killed and ten badly injured.

Mrs. MARY SULLIVAN, who was 108 years old February last, died at her home in New York. She was born in County Kerry, Ireland, in 1780.

JOSEPH BURNETT, aged 73, well known as the pioneer in the business of manufacturing flavoring extracts, was killed in a runaway accident at Marlboro, Mass.

LUTHER C. CHALLIS, once among the leading financiers of Wall street and several times a millionaire, died in poverty in Atchison, Kan.

DAMAGING evidence had been secured against George W. Davis, the negro under arrest for wrecking the Rock Island express near Lincoln, Neb.

WHILE playing baseball at Cincinnati John Tanner was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

VIRGINIA militia, under orders from the governor, drove the commonwealthers out of camp at Rosslyn and set fire to the huts.

At a social gathering at her home in Archibald, Pa., Mrs. John Barry was placed on a horse against her will and in her rage shot two of her guests.

Mrs. ALICE S. EAVY, Cora Johnson and Grace Lowell, aged 19, 18 and 17 respectively, were drowned in the American river, near Auburn, Cal., while bathing.

HEAVY showers fell over a large area in Illinois, Iowa and Indiana, benefiting late corn and vegetation.

UNDER direction of Mr. Pullman steps were taken to evict striking tenants who were behind in their rent. Five thousand persons would be affected.

MADLINE POLLARD, who achieved notoriety through her suit against Congressman Breckinridge, is to go on the stage, and will make her debut in Chicago.

STRONG pressure was being brought to bear on the Wisconsin board of health to quarantine Milwaukee because of smallpox.

SCHEDULES in the assignment of Goodwin & Swift, of New York, show nominal assets of \$1,307,404 and actual assets of but \$105.

JENNIE FINCH, stolen from Grand Rapids, Mich., eighteen years ago by gypsies, has been returned to her surviving relatives.

THE Washington-Denver bicycle riders reached Denver thirty-three hours and twenty minutes ahead of schedule time.

Ex-Gov. ST. JOHN, of Kansas, declared in an address at Prohibition Park, L. I., that there was a Tammany ring in every city and hamlet in the country.

P. L. Cook, a Stuartsville, O., saloon-keeper, was beaten to death with an iron rod by masked robbers.

MAJ. CHARLES WORTH, of the regular army, will be court-martialed for compelling a private to labor on Sunday.

THREE young men, who had been wrecked on a reef in Long Island sound, were rescued by Grace Marr and her sister at the peril of their lives.

JULIANA LANDOWSKI, a girl of 17, committed suicide by drowning in Lake Como, Minn., because her mother had scolded and whipped her for running away from home.

THREE boys, Frank Burns, William Slattery and Matthew Slattery, were drowned while swimming in Bloody Run, near Norwood, O.

MISS OASBY RABIDAN, 18 years old, disappointed in love, committed suicide by poison at Wayretown, Ind.

EIGHTY-EIGHT Cokesites sent to jail by the Maryland authorities were put to work on the public roads.

WOMAN suffragists commemorated the 75th anniversary of the birth of Lucy Stone at a meeting in the Woman's temple, Chicago.

JACKSON and Corbett met in New York, and the colored man still refusing to fight in the south the match was declared off.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.
The New York democrats will hold their state convention at Saratoga Springs on September 25.

JUDGE CASWELL BENNETT, chief justice of the Kentucky court of appeals, died suddenly of rheumatism at Hopkinsville.

POPULISTS in Wyoming declined a proposition to fuse with the democrats and nominated a complete state ticket headed by L. C. Tidball for governor.

DAVID HAHN, who drove coaches across the Alleghenies before the advent of the railroads, died at Portsmouth, O., aged 94 years.

In convention at Boise City the Idaho republicans nominated a full state ticket headed by Edgar Wilson for governor.

THE prohibitionists of Indiana officially declined to fuse with the populists, declaring them wild and visionary.

THE following congressional nominations were made: Illinois, Fourth district, H. D. Lloyd (pop.); Seventh, H. A. Lloyd (pop.); Iowa, Tenth district, E. F. Baker (pop-dem.); Nebraska, Fifth district, W. E. Andrews (rep.); Virginia, Ninth district, H. S. K. Morrison (dem.).

CONGRESSIONAL nominations were made as follows: Illinois, Seventh district, H. D. Lloyd (pop.); Pennsylvania, Twenty-fifth district, W. J. Kirker (pop.); Missouri, Tenth district, G. H. Zimmerman (pro.).

EX-CONGRESSMAN JAMES H. PLATTE died from a stroke of apoplexy while fishing at Green Lake, Col.

FOREIGN.
FELIX GEOFFROY, who had been a member of the Canadian parliament for thirty-one years, died at Montreal.

EARTHQUAKES in Sicily destroyed many houses at Aci Reale and at Zaffarano and killed ten persons.

SANDOW, the "strong man," was married at Manchester, England, to Miss Blanche Brooks, the daughter of a local photographer.

SENOR JOSE VERESTEGUI, chief of the Mexican stamp department, was killed in a duel in the City of Mexico over a woman by Congressman Romero.

THE sealing vessel Maigen, accompanied by a fast cutter, sailed from Tromsø to bring back the members of the Wellman Arctic expedition.

THE schooner Pilgrim was sunk by the bark Braekia off Anvil Point and four members of her crew were drowned.

In a match race at Paris, between Starbuck and Linton, the latter rode 50 miles on a bicycle in 1:58:59, breaking the record.

A CYCLOPE swept over the provinces of Madrid and Ciudad Real, Spain, and over a hundred persons are reported to be either killed or injured.

DURING the progress of the regatta at Tanby, Wales, a small excursion steamer capsized in the Caldy roads, drowning twenty people.

EIGHTEEN residents of a town in Prussian Poland have died from eating poisoned herring. A large part of the population was made ill.

LATER.
FORTY-FIVE cases of cholera and fifteen deaths had been reported in the Johannesburg district of Prussia up to August 12.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, a descendant of President Adams and a grandson of Charles Francis Adams, died at Quincy, Mass., on the 14th, aged 61, of apoplexy.

THE national negro democratic convention went into session at Indianapolis, Ind., on the 14th. C. H. J. Taylor, recorder of deeds at Washington, and chairman of the league, called the convention to order. The resolutions adopted denounce the southern lynchings, demand a legislative investigation and call for the punishment of all the lynchers.

THE state of Wisconsin is about to sue the United States for \$7,975,005.77. The claim is for munitions of war, etc., furnished in 1861, which were paid for only in part by the United States, under the act of July 27, 1861, and on interest on deferred payment.

A DISPATCH from Yokohama says that in the engagement between the Japanese and Chinese fleets, on August 11, the Japanese were victorious.

THE Wagner car shops at East Buffalo, N. Y., will close down on the 18th, owing to the business depression and the absence of demand for cars. Over 1,000 men will be thrown out of work. The company hopes to be able to resume in about a month.

A DETROIT BUILDER.

He Tells a Remarkable Story of His Life.

CAME TO DETROIT ABOUT FORTY YEARS AGO.

Levi Elsey's Experience Worthy Serious Attention.

[From the Detroit Evening News.]

Away out Gratiot Avenue, far from the din and turmoil of the business center, there are many attractive homes. The intersecting streets are wide, clean and shaded by large leaf-covered trees, and the people you meet are typical of industry, economy and honest toil. There are many pretty residences, but none more inviting in its neatness and homelike comfort than that of Mr. Levi Elsey, the well-known builder and contractor, at 74 Moran street just off Gratiot.

Mr. Elsey is an old resident of Detroit, having moved here about forty years ago. He has erected hundreds of houses in different parts of the city, and points with pride to such buildings as the Newberry & McMullan and Campaw blocks in which he displayed his ability as a superintendent.

"I have seen Detroit grow from a village to a city," he observed yesterday in conversation with the writer, "and I don't think there are many towns in America to-day equal to it in point of beauty. I know almost everybody in the city, and an incident which recently happened in my life has interested all my friends."

"It is now about eight years ago since I was stricken down with my first case of illness. One cold, blustering day I was down town and through my natural carelessness at that time I permitted myself to get chilled right through. When I arrived home that evening I felt a serious pain in my left leg. I bathed it that night, but by morning I found it had grown worse. In fact, it was so serious that I sent for my family physician, and he informed me that I was suffering from varicose veins. My leg swelled up to double its natural size and the pain increased in volume. The agony was simply awful. I was laid up and never left my bed for eight weeks. At times I was so weak I would grow frantic with pain. My leg was bandaged and was propped up in the bed at an angle of 80 degrees in order to keep the blood from flowing to my extremities."

"I had several doctors attending me, but I believe my own judgment helped me better than theirs. After a siege of two months I could move around, still I was on the sick list and had to doctor myself for years. I was never really cured and suffered any amount of anguish."

"About two years ago I noticed an article in the Evening News about my friend, Mr. Northrup, the Woodward Avenue merchant. In an interview with him he stated that he had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and that they cured him. I knew him very well, having built his house out on Woodward Ave., and I thought I would follow his suggestion. I must confess I did so with marvelous success. From the time I began to take the Pink Pills I felt myself growing to be a new man. They acted on me like a magical stimulant. The pain departed and I soon was as strong and healthy as ever. Before trying the Pink Pills I had used any amount of other medicine without any noticeable benefit. But the Pills cured me and I was myself again."

"When a person finds himself relieved and enjoying health he is apt to expose himself again to another attack of illness. Some three months ago I stopped taking the Pink Pills, and from the day I did so I noticed a change in my condition. A short time later I renewed my habit of taking them with the same beneficial results which met me formerly. I am again nearly as strong as ever, and I am an old man of 56 years of age. I tell you, sir, the Pink Pills are a most wonderful medicine, and if they do as well in other cases as they did in mine they are the best in the world. I freely recommend them to any sufferer."

"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as indigestion, motor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and salivary complexion, all forms of weakness, either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price (50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 by mail). A short time ago I or by the (100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y."

War in the Future.
General (when bullet-proof uniforms become common)—What have you learned?

Aid—Victory will soon perch upon our banners. We have filled the enemy's clothes so full of lead that they can't move another step without undressing.

—N. Y. Weekly.

Pure and Wholesome Quality
Commends to public approval the California Cold Laxative Remedy, Syrup of Figs. It is pleasant to take and by acting gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels to cleanse the system effectually, it promotes the health and comfort of all who use it, and with millions it is the best and only remedy.

THE MARKETS.

	NEW YORK, Aug. 13.
FLOUR—No. 2 Red Winter.	57 1/2 @ 58 1/2
WHEAT—No. 1 Northern.	61 1/2 @ 62 1/2
CORN—No. 2.	61 1/2 @ 62 1/2
OATS—No. 2.	33 @ 34
RYE—No. 2.	49 @ 50
PORK—Long.	11 1/2 @ 12 1/2
LARD—Prime western.	7 1/2 @ 7 3/4
BUTTER—Western.	12 1/2 @ 13
CHEESE—State.	7 @ 7 1/2
EGGS—Western.	14 1/2 @ 15
CATTLE—Native steers.	3 50 @ 4 00
SHEEP—Fair to good.	2 00 @ 2 10
HOGS.	5 75 @ 6 00
CLEVELAND.	
FLOUR—Country XX.	2 00 @ 2 10
Minnesota patents.	3 60 @ 4 15
Amber.	2 35 @ 2 45
WHEAT—No. 2.	59 @ 60
CORN—No. 2.	59 @ 60
OATS—No. 2.	37 @ 38
BUTTER—Choice to fancy.	17 @ 18
CHEESE—York State.	9 1/2 @ 10
Ohio.	7 1/2 @ 8
EGGS—Strictly fresh.	13 @ 14
POTATOES.	30 @ 32
SEEDS—Timothy.	2 40 @ 2 55
Clover.	5 85 @ 6 00
HAY—Barn.	9 00 @ 9 50
Bulk on market.	11 00 @ 16 00
CATTLE—Common to choice.	3 75 @ 4 50
HOGS.	5 30 @ 5 40
CINCINNATI.	
FLOUR—Family.	2 00 @ 2 10
WHEAT—No. 2.	59 @ 60 1/2
CORN—No. 2.	59 @ 60
OATS—No. 2.	31 @ 32
RYE—No. 2.	45 @ 46
HOGS.	4 25 @ 4 40
TOLEDO.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red Winter.	58 @ 59 1/2
CORN—No. 2.	59 @ 60 1/2
OATS—No. 2.	30 @ 32
BUFFALO.	
BEEVES—Best.	4 40 @ 4 80
Good.	3 25 @ 3 75
SHEEP—Best.	3 50 @ 4 10
Good mixed.	2 25 @ 3 00
HOGS—Yorkers.	5 60 @ 5 80
Mediums and heavy.	5 00 @ 5 70
PITTSBURG.	
BEEVES—Best.	4 40 @ 4 80
Good to choice.	3 00 @ 4 10
SHEEP—Best.	3 70 @ 3 80
Good.	2 60 @ 3 00
HOGS—Yorkers.	5 25 @ 5 55
Philadelphians.	5 00 @ 5 05
PHILADELPHIA.	
WOOL—Western.	19 @ 20
Unwashed.	14 @ 24

Forgotten.
A child wept bitterly.
"Lost!" it wailed.
The multitude paused and looked with pity upon the picture of distress.
"Lost!"
The multitude swept on its way.
"Lost!"
Meanwhile two men and six women, all bearing a strong family resemblance to the sorrowful child, tarried in another part of the tent and stared at the giraffe eating hay.
Yes, they had all come to take care of the little one, and for no other purpose.—Detroit Tribune.

A DELAWARE judge has decided that a razor is not a deadly weapon. It is quite plain that this particular jurist never attended the forcible adjournment of an over-heated cake walk.—Washington Post.

It only takes four quarters to get the moon full, a fact that causes every rascal in the breast of a great many people.

There is a time when the laziest man can hurry. It is when the train stops ten minutes for refreshments.

In Hot Weather

Something is needed to keep up the appetite, assist digestion and give good, healthful sleep. For these purposes Hood's Sarsaparilla is peculiarly adapted. As a blood purifier it has no equal, and it is chiefly by its power to make pure blood that it has won such fame as a cure for scrofula, salt rheum and other similar diseases.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures
Hood's Pills cure headache and indigestion.



The Spring Tonic
Makes thin, pale, sickly people well and strong.

La Grippe
Cures the bad after effects of this trying epidemic and restores lost vigor and vitality.

Impure Blood
Eczema, scrofula, malaria, pimples, blotches.

General Weakness
Constitution all run down, loss of ambition and appetite, nervousness, tired and sleepless.

At Druggists 50 cents and \$1.00 Size.
"Invaluable Guide to Health" free—Consultation free.
DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

The Greatest Medical Discovery
of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.